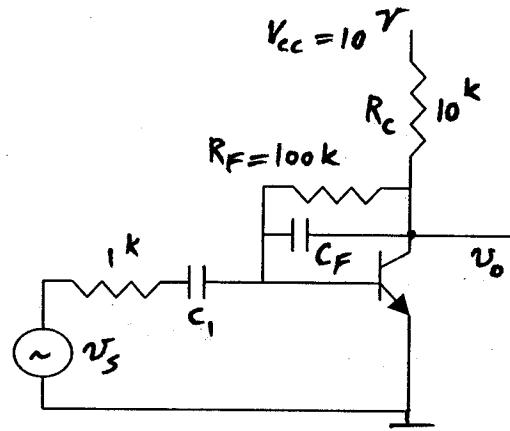


5-30 points) In the common emitter amplifier shown, beta=100 and V<sub>BE(on)</sub>=0.7 [V] and V<sub>A</sub>=infinity.

- Find I<sub>CQ</sub>, r<sub>n</sub> and g<sub>m</sub>.
- Find C<sub>I</sub> so that the lower cut-off frequency is 200 Hz. (C<sub>F</sub> is open in this case)
- Find C<sub>F</sub> so that the higher cut-off frequency is 20 Khz. (C<sub>I</sub> is short in this case)

Note: C<sub>n</sub> and C<sub>p</sub> of the BJT are not effective in this frequency range.



Solution:

- (a) First we find the I<sub>CQ</sub>

$$R_c [I_C + I_B] + R_f I_B + 0.7 = V_{CC} \quad I_B = \frac{I_C}{100}$$

$$I_C = I_{CQ} = 0.84 \text{ mA}$$

$$r_n = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$g_m = 34 \text{ m}\Omega$$

(b)  $R'_F = \frac{R_F}{1 + g_m R_L}$

$$R'_L = R_C$$

$$1 + g_m R'_L = 1 + 34 \times 10 = 341$$

$$R'_F = \frac{100}{341} = 0.293 \text{ k}\Omega \approx 0.3 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$R_i = R'_F \parallel r_n = 0.3 \text{ k}\Omega \parallel 3 \text{ k}\Omega = 0.27 \text{ k}\Omega$$

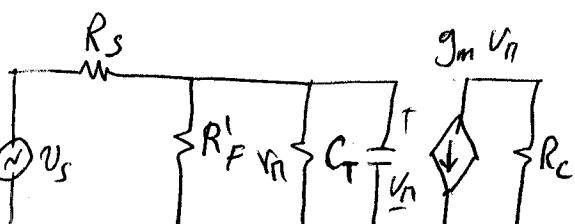
Resistance seen by C<sub>I</sub> is  $R_{ci} = R_s + R_i = 1 + 0.27 = 1.27 \text{ k}\Omega$

(c)  $f_L = \frac{1}{2\pi R_{ci} C_1} = \frac{1}{2\pi \times 1.27 \times C_1} = 200$

$$C_1 = 0.626 \text{ nF}$$

$$R_T = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \parallel R'_F \parallel r_n = 1 \parallel 0.3 \parallel 3 = 0.214 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$f_H = \frac{1}{2\pi C_T R_T} = \frac{1}{2\pi \times 0.214 \times C_T} = 20000$$



$$C_T = 37.18 \text{ nF}$$

$$C_F = \frac{C_T}{1 + g_m R_c} = \frac{37.18}{341} = 0.1 \text{ nF}$$