

### **Blast From the Past!**

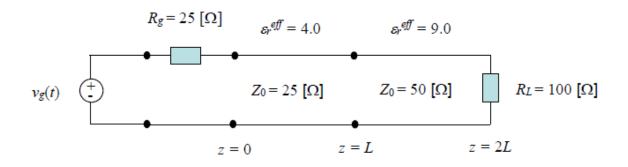
### Final Exam Spring 2013



#### Problem 1 (40 pts.)

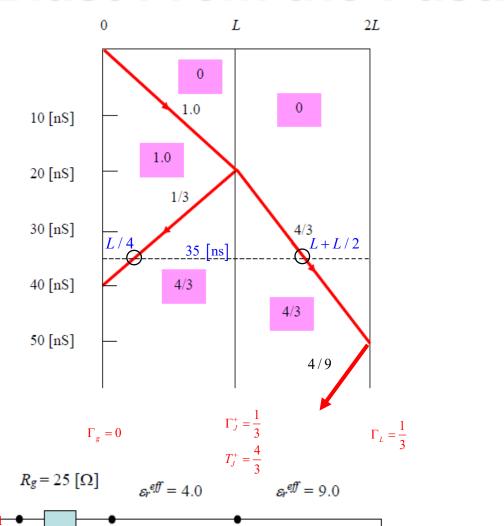
A step function of amplitude  $V_0 = 2.0$  [V] is applied at the input to the transmission line circuit shown below. Each of the two transmission lines has a length L that is 3.0 [m]. Each line has a different effective relative permittivity, however.

- a) Construct a bounce diagram that extends to a time of 50 [ns], labeling with 10 [ns] divisions on your time scale. (Make your bounce diagram on the next page.)
- b) Make an accurate "snapshot" trace of the voltage on the line at t = 35 [ns]. Make your snapshot trace on the graph shown below, plotting out to 2L. Label all voltage values on your plot as well as all z values at which the voltage on your plot changes. Also, indicate in which direction (to the left or right) each "wavefront" (point of voltage discontinuity) is moving.





## **Blast From the Past!**



 $Z_0 = 50 \ [\Omega]$ 

z = L

 $R_L = 100 \ [\Omega]$ 

z = 2L

 $Z_0 = 25 \ [\Omega]$ 

z = 0

 $v_g(t)$ 



$$c_{d1} = c / \sqrt{4} = 1.5 \times 10^8 \text{ [m/s]}$$
  
 $c_{d2} = c / \sqrt{9} = 1.0 \times 10^8 \text{ [m/s]}$ 

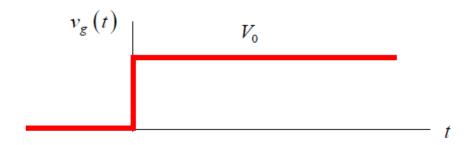
$$T_1 = L / c_{d1} = 20 \text{ [nS]}$$
  
 $T_2 = L / c_{d2} = 30 \text{ [nS]}$ 



# **Blast From the Past!**



#### Generator voltage



#### Snapshot of voltage

